

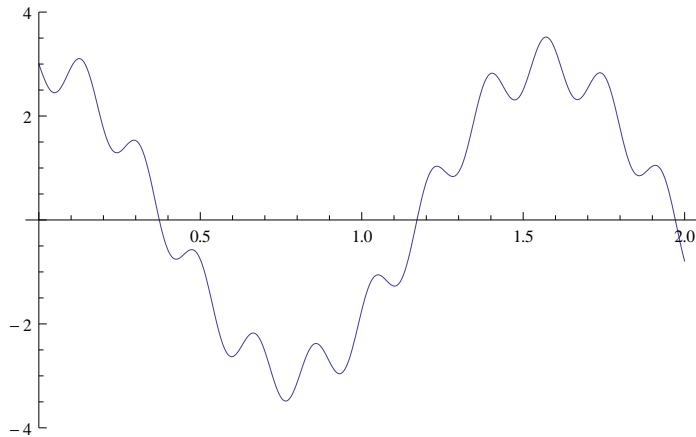
# Paquetes de Onda

## Ondas

In[1]=

```
A[x_] := x^2 / 125 - Sin[35 * x] / 2 + 3 * Cos[4 * x]  
Plot[A[x], {x, 0, 2},  
PlotRange -> {-4, 4}  
]
```

Out[2]=

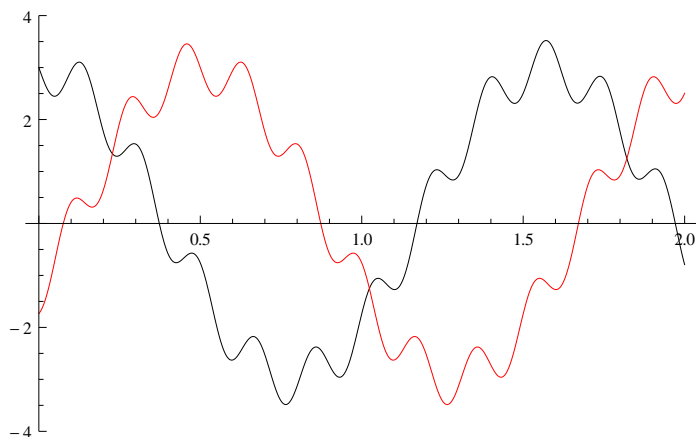


In[3]=

```
v = 0.5  
t = 1;  
Plot[{A[x], A[x - v * t]}, {x, 0, 2},  
PlotRange -> {-4, 4},  
PlotStyle -> {RGBColor[0, 0, 0], RGBColor[1, 0, 0]}  
]
```

Out[3]= 0.5

Out[5]=

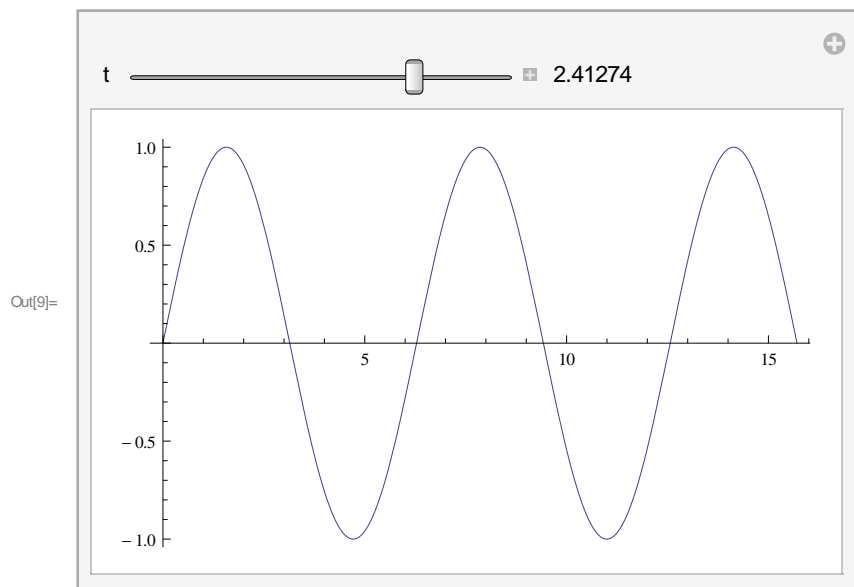


## Dibujo de Ondas Armonicas

In[6]=

```
v = 2;  
T = 2 * π / v;  
Onda[x_, t_] := Sin[x - v * t];
```

```
In[9]:= Manipulate [Plot[{Sin[x], Onda[x, t]}, {x, 0, 5 π}],
  {{t, 0, "t"}, 0, T, Appearance → "Labeled"}]
```



## Ejercicios:

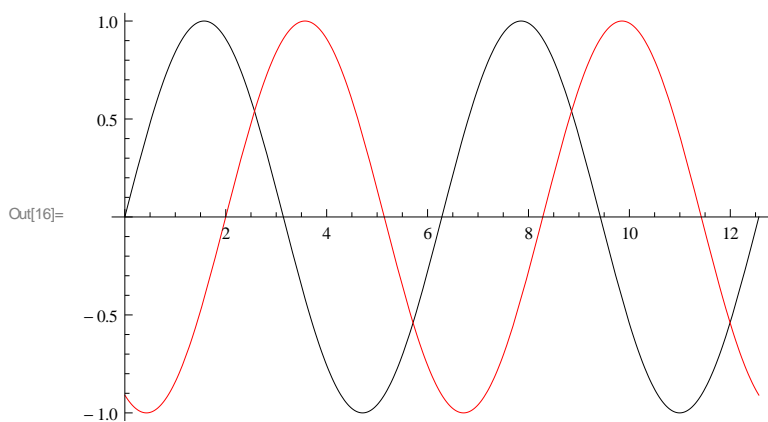
1. Hallar las velocidades de avance de la onda (grupo o fase?)
2. Que pasa si en lugar de Sin[x] se pone Cos[x]?

## Construccion de paquetes de ondas

```
In[10]:= Clear [Onda];
Onda[k_, ω_, x_, t_] := Sin[k * x - ω * t];

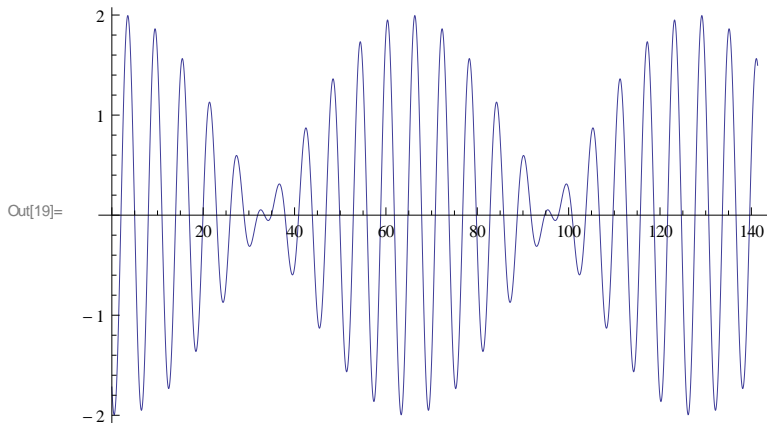
In[12]:= Δk = k / 10 ;
Δω = ω / 10 ;

In[14]:= k = 1 ;
ω = 2 ;
Plot[ {Onda[k, ω, x, 0], Onda[k, ω, x, 1] }, {x, 0, 4 π},
  PlotStyle → {RGBColor [0, 0, 0], RGBColor [1, 0, 0] }
]
```



```
In[17]:= Δk = k / 10 ;
Δω = ω / 10 ;
```

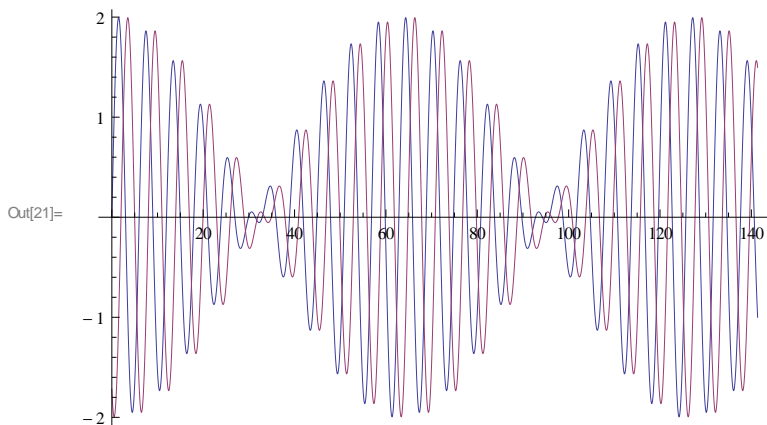
```
In[19]:= Plot [ Onda [k , ω , x , 1] + Onda [k + Δk , ω + Δω , x , 1] , {x , 0 , 45 π} ]
```



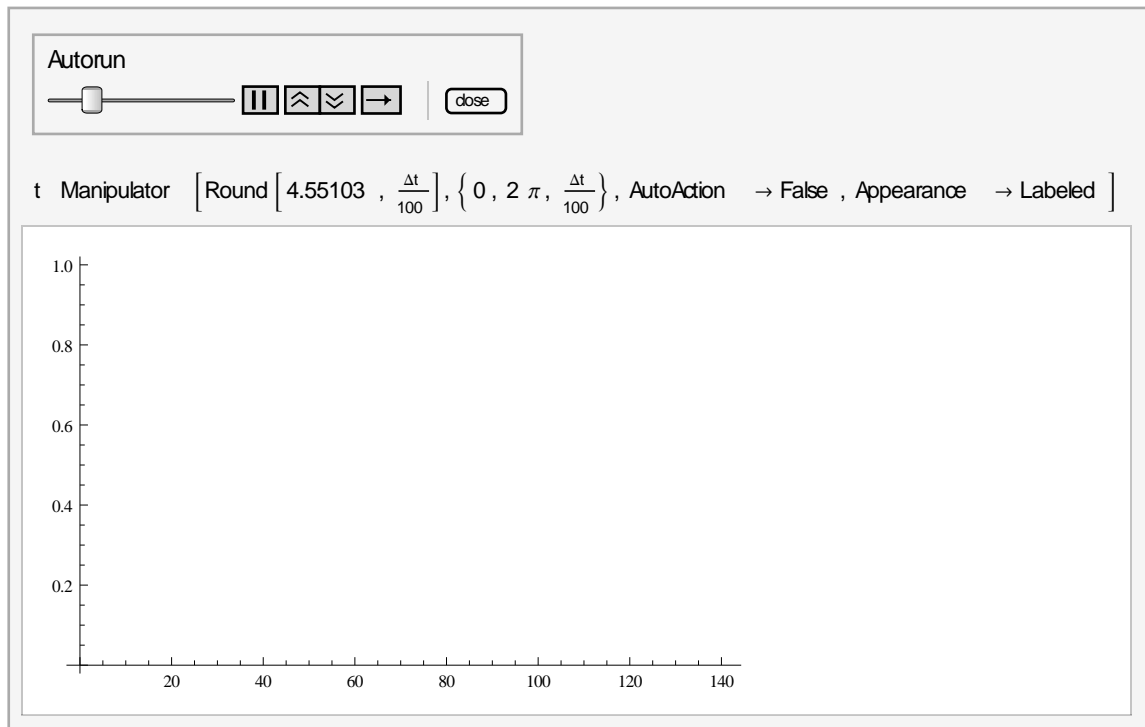
## Ejercicios

1. Hallar las velocidades de avance de la onda (grupo o fase?)
2. Construir un paquete de ondas sumando muchas ondas
3. Avanza el paquete? A que velocidad?

```
In[20]:= Ondasum2 [x_ , t_] := Onda [k , ω , x , t] + Onda [k + Δk , ω + Δω , x , t]
Plot [ {Ondasum2 [x , 0] , Ondasum2 [x , 1] } , {x , 0 , 45 π} ]
```



```
In[22]:= T = 4 * π * Δk / Δω;
Manipulate [Plot [ {Ondasum2 [x, 0], Ondasum2 [x, t]} ,
  {x, 0, 45 π } ], {{t, 0, "t"}, 0, T, Δt / 100, Appearance → "Labeled"}]
```



## Paquete de Ondas

```
In[25]:= ClearAll [k, ω, x, t, wavepacket];
```

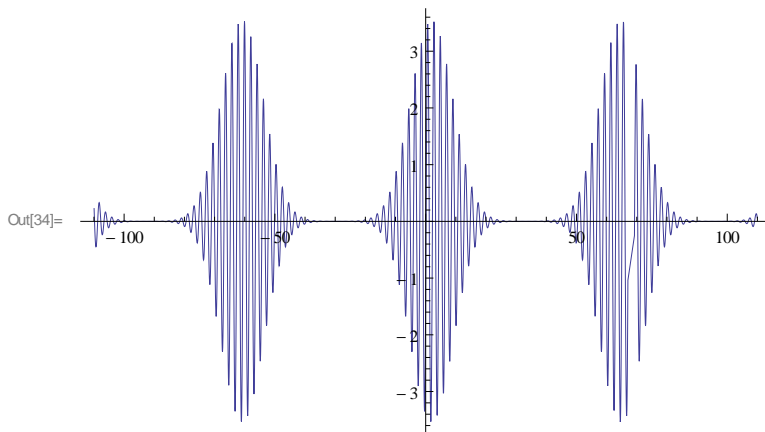
```
In[26]:= nondas = 10;
k = 1;
ω = 2;
Δk = k / nondas;
Δω = ω / nondas;
```

```
In[31]:= δk = 0.2;
```

```
In[32]:= Onda [k_, ω_, x_, t_] := Exp [I (k * x - ω * t)];
```

```
In[33]:= wavepacket [k_, ω_, x_, t_] :=
  Sum [Exp [- (i Δk / δk) ^ 2] Onda [k + i Δk, ω + i Δω, x, t], {i, -1 nondas, 1 nondas, 1}]
```

```
In[34]:= Plot [Re [wavepacket [3, 2, x, 1]], {x, -35 π, 35 π}, PlotRange → All]
```



## Paquete de Ondas Gaussiano

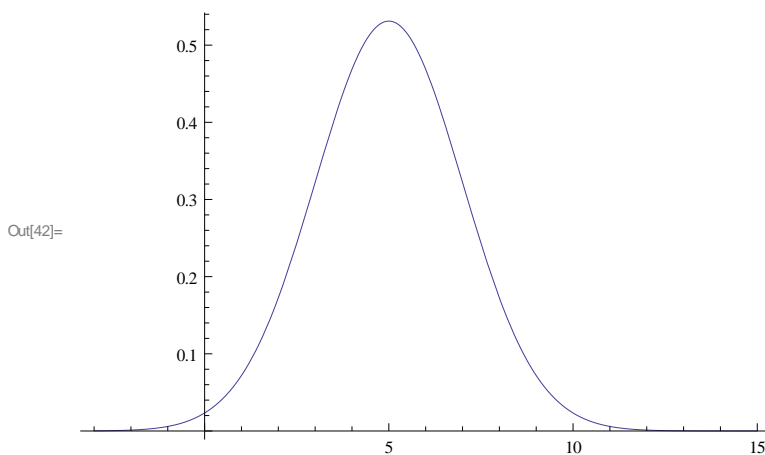
```
In[39]:= G [x_] := 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sigma} \sqrt{\pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-a)^2}{2 \sigma^2}}$$

```

```
σ = 2;
```

```
a = 5;
```

```
Plot [ G [x] , {x, -3, 15}]
```



## Ejercicios

1. Comprobar que  $G^2$  esta normalizado
3. Que significan  $\sigma$  y  $a$

## Transformacion Fourier

```
In[43]:= Clear [x, k, Yx, Fk];
```

```
Yx [x_] = 1 / (x ^ 2 + 2);
```

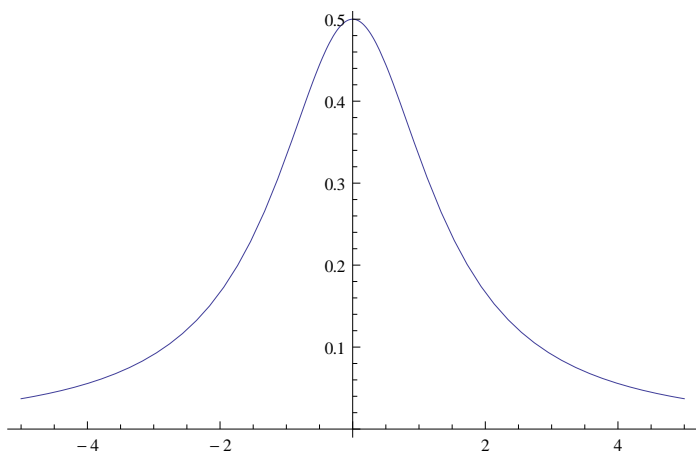
```
In[45]:= Yk [k_] = 1 / (Sqrt [2 π]) Integrate [ Yx [x] * Exp [I k x], {x, -Infinity , Infinity}]
```

```
Out[45]= ConditionalExpression 
$$\left[ \frac{1}{2} e^{-\sqrt{2} \text{Abs} [k]} \sqrt{\pi} , k \in \text{Reals} \right]$$

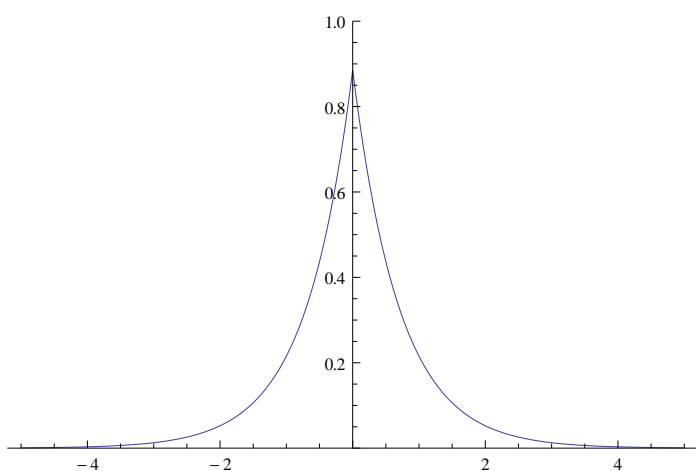
```

```
In[46]:= Plot[ Yx[x] , {x, -5, 5}]
Plot[ Yk[k] , {k, -5, 5}, PlotRange -> {0, 1}]
```

Out[46]=



Out[47]=

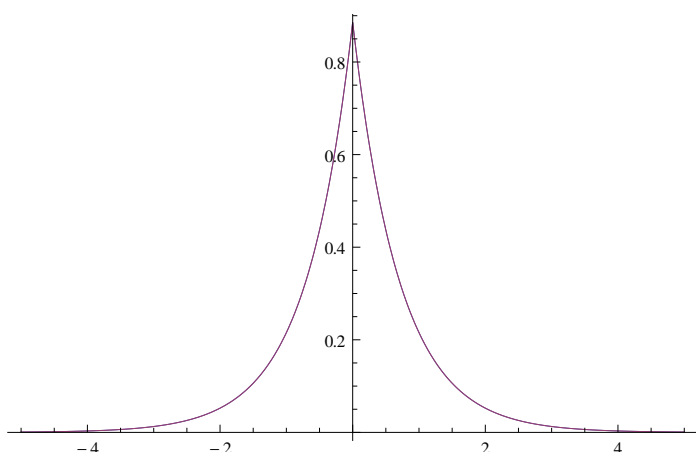


```
In[48]:= Yfk[k_] = FourierTransform[Yx[x], x, k]
```

Out[48]=  $\frac{1}{2} e^{-\sqrt{2} \text{Abs}[k]} \sqrt{\pi}$

```
In[49]:= Plot[ {Yk[k], Yfk[k] }, {k, -5, 5}]
```

Out[49]=



```
In[50]:= Clear[x, k, sigma, a, Gk];
```

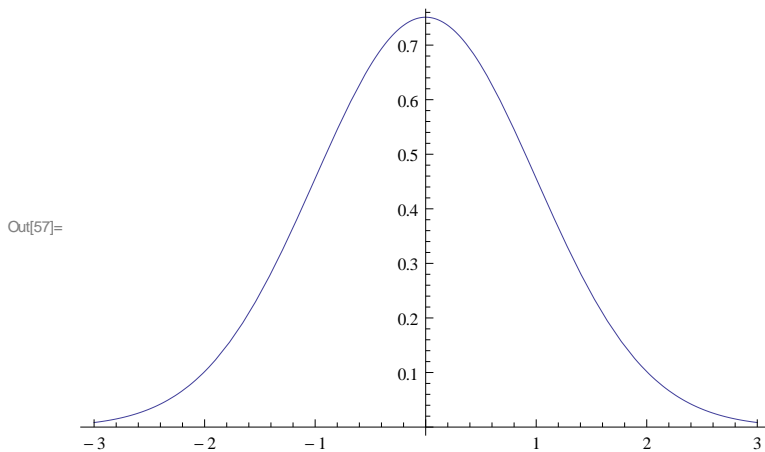
G[x\_] :=  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\sigma} \sqrt{\pi}} e^{-\frac{(x-a)^2}{2 \sigma^2}}$

```
In[52]:= Gk[k_] = FourierTransform[G[x], x, k]
```

$$\text{Out[52]} = \frac{e^{i a k - \frac{k^2 \sigma^2}{2}}}{\pi^{1/4} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\sigma^2}} \sqrt{\sigma}}$$

```
In[53]:= Clear[x, k, σ, a, Gk];
Gk[k_] := FourierTransform[G[x], x, k]
σ = 1 ;
a = 0 ;
```

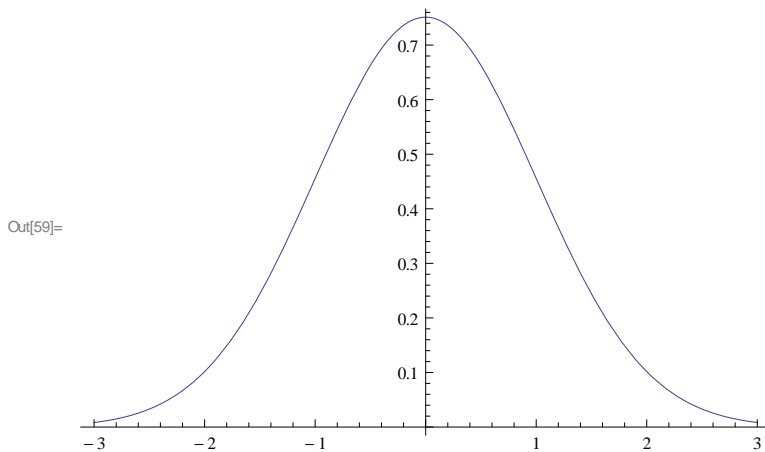
```
In[57]:= Plot[G[x], {x, -3, 3}]
```



```
In[58]:= Gk[1.5]
```

Out[58]= 0.243855 + 0. i

```
In[59]:= Plot[Re[Gk[k]], {k, -3, 3}]
```



## Ejercicios

1. Comprobar que  $Gk^2$  esta normalizado
3. Como varian los anchos y posiciones de la transformada?

## Valores Medios

```
In[60]:= σ = 1 ;
a = 2 ;
```

In[62]:= `ClearAll[σ, a]`

In[63]:= `amed := Assuming[{σ > 0, Element[σ, Reals]}, Integrate[G[x] * x * G[x], {x, -Infinity, Infinity}]]`

In[64]:= `a2med := Assuming[{σ > 0, Element[σ, Reals]}, Integrate[G[x] * x ^ 2 * G[x], {x, -Infinity, Infinity}]]`

In[65]:= `amed`

Out[65]= `a`

In[66]:= `a2med`

Out[66]=  $a^2 + \frac{\sigma^2}{2}$

In[67]:= `ox := a2med - (amed) ^ 2`

In[68]:= `ox`

Out[68]=  $\frac{\sigma^2}{2}$

In[69]:= `P[x_] := -I h * G'[x]`

In[70]:= `P[2]`

Out[70]=  $\frac{i (2 - a) e^{-\frac{(2 - a)^2}{2 \sigma^2}} h}{\pi^{1/4} \sigma^{5/2}}$

In[71]:= `pmed := Assuming[{σ > 0, Element[σ, Reals]}, Integrate[G[x] * P[x], {x, -Infinity, Infinity}]]`

In[72]:= `pmed`

Out[72]= `0`

In[73]:= `P2[x_] := -I h * P'[x]`

In[74]:= `p2med :=`

`Assuming[{σ > 0, Element[σ, Reals]}, Integrate[G[x] * P2[x], {x, -Infinity, Infinity}]]`

In[75]:= `p2med`

Out[75]=  $\frac{h^2}{2 \sigma^2}$

In[76]:= `op := p2med - (pmed) ^ 2`

In[77]:= `op`

Out[77]=  $\frac{h^2}{2 \sigma^2}$

In[78]:= `ox op`

Out[78]=  $\frac{h^2}{4}$