## PHYSICAL CONSTANTS

speed of light	c	299,792,458 <sup>†</sup>	meter sec <sup>-1</sup>
elementary charge	e	$4.803 \times 10^{-10}$	esu
		$1.602 \times 10^{-19}$	coulomb
electron mass	$m_e$	$9.110 \times 10^{-28}$	gram
proton mass	$m_p$	$1.673 \times 10^{-24}$	gram
Avogadro's number	$N_{\scriptscriptstyle 0}$	$6.022 \times 10^{23}$	mole <sup>-1</sup>
Boltzmann constant	k	$1.381 \times 10^{-16}$	erg kelvin-1
Planck constant	h	$6.626 \times 10^{-27}$	erg sec
gravitational constant	$\boldsymbol{G}$	$6.672 \times 10^{-8}$	gram <sup>-1</sup> cm <sup>3</sup> sec <sup>-2</sup>
electron magnetic moment		$9.285 \times 10^{-21}$	erg gauss <sup>-1</sup>
proton magnetic moment		$1.411 \times 10^{-23}$	erg gauss <sup>-1</sup>

 $<sup>^{\</sup>dagger}$ The assignment of this exact value to c constitutes the new definition of the meter. as explained in Appendix E. The values of the other constants have here been arbitrarily rounded off to four digits. With the exception of the gravitational constant G they have all been determined experimentally with precision considerably better than that.