

Resumen

Sabemos que $\hat{H} = \hat{\Theta}_1 + \hat{\Theta}_2$. de modo que

$$\langle H \rangle = \langle \hat{\Theta}_1 \rangle + \langle \hat{\Theta}_2 \rangle \quad ; \quad |k\rangle = |\dots m m \dots\rangle$$

y vimos que:

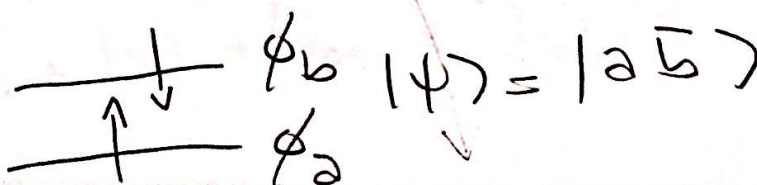
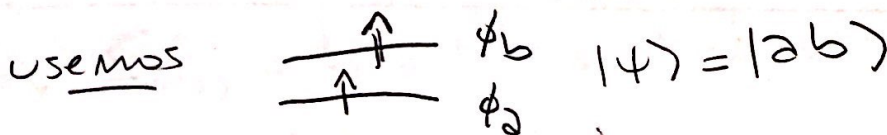
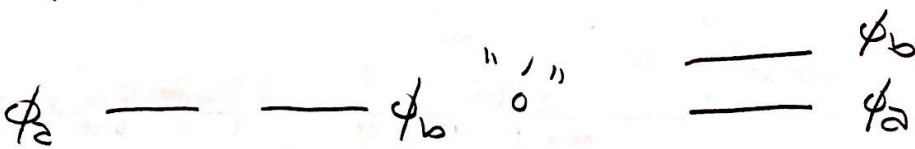
$$\langle \hat{\Theta}_1 \rangle = \langle k | \hat{\Theta}_1 | k \rangle = \sum_{\alpha} \overbrace{\langle \alpha | h | \alpha \rangle}^{h_{\alpha\alpha}} \quad ; \quad \alpha \in \{k\}$$

$$\langle \hat{\Theta}_2 \rangle = \langle k | \hat{\Theta}_2 | k \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha} \sum_{\beta} \underbrace{\langle \alpha \beta | \alpha \beta \rangle}_{J_{\alpha\beta} - K_{\alpha\beta}}$$

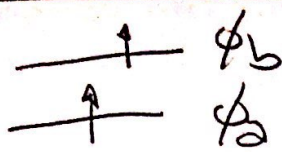
También vimos los casos para $\hat{\Theta}_1 : \langle k | \hat{\Theta}_1 | L \rangle$

Por ahora enfocamos en los valores medios de \hat{H} ,
o sea $|k\rangle \equiv |L\rangle$.

Ejemplo 2 partículas $\{\phi_a, \phi_b\}$

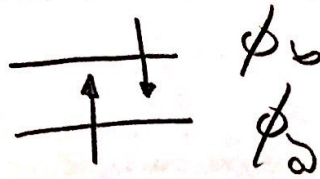


$$|\psi\rangle = |ab\rangle$$



$$E_{|ab\rangle} = h_{aa} + h_{bb} + J_{ab} - K_{ab}$$

$$|\psi\rangle = |a\bar{b}\rangle$$



$$E_{|a\bar{b}\rangle} = h_{aa} + h_{\bar{b}\bar{b}} + J_{a\bar{b}} - K_{a\bar{b}}$$

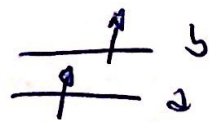
$$h_{\bar{b}\bar{b}} = \int d_1 \phi_b^*(r_1) \beta^{(1)} \hat{\theta}^{(1)} \phi_b(r_1) \beta^{(1)} = 1$$

$$= \int d_1 \phi_b^*(r_1) \hat{\theta}^{(1)} \phi_b(r_1) \equiv h_{bb}$$

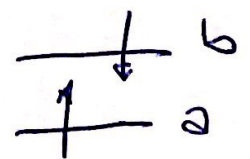
$$\Rightarrow h_{bb} \equiv h_{\bar{b}\bar{b}}$$

* check again: $J_{a\bar{b}} = J_{ab}$ & for $K_{a\bar{b}} = 0$

$$\Rightarrow E_{|ab\rangle} = h_{aa} + h_{bb} + J_{ab} - K_{ab}$$



$$E_{|a\bar{b}\rangle} = h_{aa} + h_{bb} + J_{ab}$$



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~~Verzimmus $\langle \psi | \hat{H} | \psi \rangle$~~

Verzimmus $\langle \psi | \hat{H} | \psi \rangle$ mit $|\psi\rangle = |a\bar{b}\rangle$

$|\psi\rangle = |a\bar{b}\rangle \quad \alpha = \{a, \bar{b}\}$

$\langle \theta_1 \rangle = \sum_{\alpha} h_{\alpha\alpha} = h_{aa} + h_{\bar{b}\bar{b}}$

$\langle \theta_2 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha, \beta} \langle \alpha\beta | \alpha\beta \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha, \beta} (\langle a\beta | a\beta \rangle + \langle \bar{b}\beta | \bar{b}\beta \rangle)$

$= \frac{1}{2} [\langle aa | aa \rangle + \langle a\bar{b} | a\bar{b} \rangle + \langle \bar{b}a | \bar{b}a \rangle + \langle \bar{b}\bar{b} | \bar{b}\bar{b} \rangle]$

.) $\langle aa | aa \rangle \equiv \langle \bar{b}\bar{b} | \bar{b}\bar{b} \rangle = 0$, reiner Isomus

.) $\langle a\bar{b} | a\bar{b} \rangle = \langle a\bar{b} | a\bar{b} \rangle - \langle a\bar{b} | \bar{b}a \rangle$

integrus en spin. $\langle a\bar{b} | a\bar{b} \rangle \equiv \langle a\bar{b} | a\bar{b} \rangle$

$\cdot \langle a\bar{b} | \bar{b}a \rangle = 0$

.) idem $\langle \bar{b}a | \bar{b}a \rangle$

$= \langle \bar{b}a | \bar{b}a \rangle - \langle \bar{b}a | a\bar{b} \rangle = \langle \bar{b}a | \bar{b}a \rangle$

$= \langle a\bar{b} | a\bar{b} \rangle$

part. (16)2)

Находим $\langle \theta_1 | \theta_1 \rangle$ и $\langle \theta_2 | \theta_2 \rangle$:

$$|\psi\rangle = |ab\rangle \quad \alpha \equiv \{a, b\}$$

$$\langle \theta_1 | = \sum_{\alpha} h_{\alpha\alpha} = h_{aa} + h_{bb}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \theta_2 | &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha, \beta} \langle \alpha\beta | \alpha\beta \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\beta} (\langle a\beta | a\beta \rangle + \langle b\beta | b\beta \rangle) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (\langle aa | aa \rangle + \langle ab | ab \rangle + \langle ba | ba \rangle + \langle bb | bb \rangle) \end{aligned}$$

$$\langle aa | aa \rangle = \langle aa | aa \rangle - \langle aa | aa \rangle \equiv 0$$

$$\langle bb | bb \rangle = 0$$

$$\langle ab | ab \rangle = \langle ab | ab \rangle - \langle ab | ba \rangle \quad \oplus$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle ba | ba \rangle &= \langle ba | ba \rangle - \langle ba | ab \rangle \quad \leftarrow \text{part. 1. 1. 2} \\ &= \langle ab | ab \rangle - \langle ab | ba \rangle \quad \oplus \end{aligned}$$

$$\langle \theta_2 | = \langle ab | ab \rangle - \langle ab | ba \rangle \equiv J_{ab} - K_{ab}$$

$$\langle H \rangle_{|\psi\rangle} = \sum_{|\alpha\rangle} = h_{aa} + h_{bb} + J_{ab} - K_{ab}$$

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$$\Rightarrow \langle \theta_2 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \left[\langle a^2 \rangle + \langle a\bar{b} \rangle + \langle \bar{b}a \rangle + \langle b\bar{b} \rangle \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[\langle a\bar{b} \rangle - \langle \bar{a}b \rangle + \langle \bar{b}a \rangle - \langle \bar{b}a \rangle \right]$$

$$\langle \theta_2 \rangle = \frac{1}{2} \left(\langle a^2 \rangle + \langle b^2 \rangle \right)$$

$\leftarrow \text{spin}$

$$\langle \theta_2 \rangle = \langle a^2 \rangle \equiv \langle a^2 \rangle$$

$$\Rightarrow \langle \psi \rangle = \langle a^2 \rangle$$

$$E_{\langle \psi \rangle} = \langle a^2 \rangle + \langle \bar{b}\bar{b} \rangle + \langle a^2 \rangle$$

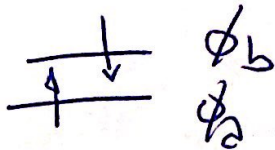
just for notes.

Resumen (2)

$$|\psi_1\rangle = |ab\rangle$$



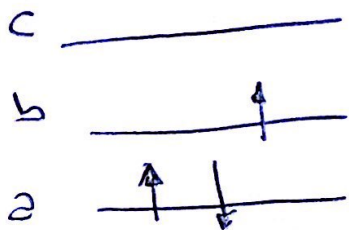
$$|\psi_2\rangle = |a\bar{b}\rangle$$



$$E_1 = \langle ab | \hat{H} | ab \rangle = h_{aa} + h_{bb} + J_{ab} - K_{ab}$$

$$E_2 = \langle a\bar{b} | \hat{H} | a\bar{b} \rangle = h_{aa} + h_{bb} + J_{ab}$$

$$\boxed{E_1 < E_2}$$



$$E = h_{aa} + h_{\bar{a}\bar{a}} + h_{bb}$$

$$+ J_{a\bar{a}} + J_{ab} + J_{\bar{a}b}$$

$$- K_{ab}$$

ver: $J_{a\bar{a}} = J_{aa}$

$$J_{\bar{a}b} = J_{ab}$$

$$h_{\bar{a}\bar{a}} = h_{aa}$$

$$E = 2h_{aa} + h_{bb}$$

$$+ J_{aa} + 2J_{ab}$$

$$- K_{ab}$$